

## INDIANA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

#### AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE

## NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

In compliance with the provisions of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251 et seq., the "Act"), and the Indiana Environmental Management Act, as amended (IC 13-7),

#### SANYO E&E CORPORATION

is authorized to discharge from their facility located at 1751 Sheridan Street, Richmond, Indiana to receiving waters of an unnamed tributary to the West Fork of Whitewater River in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements, and other conditions set forth in Parts I and II hereof.

The permit shall become effective on	April 1, 1989
This permit and the authorization to February 28 , 1994. In order	
discharge beyond the date of expiration, the information and forms as are required by the Environmental Management no later than 180 expiration.	the permittee shall submit such the Indiana Department of
Signed this 8th day of March Department of Environmental Management.	, 1989, for the Indiana

Charles B. Bardonner Assistant Commissioner

Office of Water Management

## TREATMENT FACILITY CLASSIFICATION

The discharger does not have a wastewater treatment facility.

#### PART I

## A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

l. During the period beginning on the effective date of this permit and lasting until the expiration date, the permittee is authorized to discharge from Outfalls 001 and 002. Such discharge shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below:

	Quantity or Loading			Quality or Concentration		Monitoring Requirements		
	Monthly	Daily		Monthly	Daily		Measurement	Sample
Parameter	Average	Maximum	Units	Average	Maximum	Units	Frequency	Туре
Flow	Report	Report	MGD				2X Monthly	Measure When Sampling
Temperature				Report	Report	°F	2X Monthly	Grab
Oil and Grease [1]		~-		Report	Report	mg/1	2X Monthly	Grab

Discharge from Outfalls 001 and 002 is limited solely to noncontact cooling water, free from process and other wastewater discharges other than storm water. In the event that water treatment additives are to be used in the waters contributing to this discharge then the Permittee shall notify the Indiana Department of Environmental Management as required by Part II of this permit.

- [1] If oil and grease is measured in the effluent in detectable quantities, the source of such discharge is to be investigated and eliminated if feasible, and the findings reported to the Indiana Department of Environmental Management.
  - a. The pH shall not be less than 6.0 nor greater than 9.0. The pH shall be monitored as follows: twice per month.
  - b. The discharge shall not cause excessive foam in the receiving waters. The discharge shall be essentially free of floating and settleable solids.
  - c. The discharge shall not contain oil or other substances in amounts sufficient to create a visible film or sheen on the receiving waters.
  - d. Samples taken in compliance with the monitoring requirements above shall be taken at a point representative of the discharge but prior to entry into the unnamed tributary to the West Fork of Whitewater River.

## B. MONITORING AND REPORTING

#### 1. Representative Sampling

Samples and measurements taken as required herein shall be representative of the volume and nature of the monitored discharge.

## 2. Reporting

The permittee shall submit discharge monitoring reports (DMR-1 Form) to the Indiana Department of Environmental Management containing results obtained during the previous month and shall be postmarked no later than the 28th day of the month following each completed monitoring period. The first report shall be submitted by the 28th day of the month following the month in which the permit becomes effective.

If there is to occur a substantial period of time during which there will be no discharge from an authorized outfall, then the permittee may submit a written request to the Indiana Department of Environmental Management for relief from reporting requirements. The Commissioner may then suspend reporting requirements without public notice or opportunity for public hearing.

The Regional Administrator may request the permittee to submit monitoring reports to the Environmental Protection Agency if it is deemed necessary to assure compliance of the permit.

## 3. Definitions

## a. Monthly Average

- (1) Weight Basis The "monthly average" discharge means the total discharge by weight during a calendar month divided by the number of days in the month that the production or commercial facility was discharging. Where less than daily sampling is required by this permit, the monthly average discharge shall be determined by the summation of the measured daily discharges by weight divided by the number of days during the calendar month when the measurements were made.
- (2) Concentration Basis The "monthly average" concentration means the arithmetic average (proportional to flow) of all daily determinations of concentration made during a calendar month. Daily determinations of concentration made using a composite sample shall be the concentration of the composite sample. When grab samples are used, the daily determination of concentration shall be the arithmetic average (weighted by flow value) of all the samples collected during the calendar day.

## b. "Daily Maximum" Discharge

- (1) Weight Basis The "daily maximum" discharge means the total discharge by weight during any calendar day.
- (2) <u>Concentration Basis</u> The "daily maximum" concentration means the daily determination of concentration for any calendar day.
- c. Concentration—The weight of any given material present in a unit volume of liquid. Unless otherwise indicated in this permit, concentration values shall be expressed in milligrams per liter (mg/1).
- d. The "Regional Administrator" is defined as the Region V Administrator, U.S. EPA, located at 230 South Dearborn Street, Chicago, Illinois 60604.
- e. The "Commissioner" is defined as the Commissioner of the Indiana Department of Environmental Management, which is located at the following address: 105 South Meridian Street, Indianapolis, Indiana 46225.

## 4. Test Procedures

The analytical and sampling methods used shall conform to the current version of 40 CFR, Part 136. The approved methods may be included in the texts listed below. However, different but equivalent methods are allowable if they receive the prior written approval of the State agency and the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

- (1) Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater 16th Edition, 1985, American Public Health Association, Washington, D.C. 20005.
- (2) A.S.T.M. Standards, Part 23, Water; Atmospheric Analysis
  1972 American Society for Testing and Materials,
  Philadelphia, PA 19103.
- (3) Methods for Chemical Analysis of Water and Wastes
  June 1974, Revised, March 1983, Environmental Protection
  Agency, Water Quality Office, Analytical Quality Control
  Laboratory, 1014 Broadway, Cincinnati, OH 45202.

## 5. Recording of Results

For each measurement or sample taken pursuant to the requirements of this permit, the permittee shall record the following information:

a. The exact place, date, and time of sampling;

- b. The dates the analyses were performed;
- The person(s) who performed the analyses;
- d. The analytical techniques or methods used; and
- e. The results of all required analyses.
- 6. Additional Monitoring by Permittee

If the permittee monitors any pollutant at the location(s) designated herein more frequently than required by this permit, using approved analytical methods as specified above, the results of such monitoring shall be included in the calculation and reporting of the values required in the Monthly Discharge Monitoring Report. Such increased frequency shall also be indicated.

## 7. Records Retention

All records and information resulting from the monitoring activities required by this permit, including all records of analyses performed and calibration and maintenance of instrumentation and recording from continuous monitoring instrumentation, shall be retained for a minimum of three (3) years, or longer, if requested by the Regional Administrator or the Indiana Department of Environmental Management.

## C. REOPENING CLAUSE

- 1. This permit may be modified, or, alternatively, revoked and reissued, to comply with any applicable effluent limitation or standard issued or approved under section 301(b)(2)(C), (D) and (E), 304(b)(2), and 307(a)(2) of the Clean Water Act, if the effluent limitation or standard so issued or approved:
  - (1) contains different conditions or is otherwise more stringent than any effluent limitation in the permit; or
  - (2) controls any pollutant not limited in the permit.
- 2. When the U.S. EPA and the State of Indiana finalize a policy regarding the implementation of 40 CFR 122.26, which addresses stormwater discharges, this permit may be modified, after public notice and opportunity for hearing, to incorporate revised limitations for the control of such discharges.
- 3. This permit may be modified, or, alternatively revoked and reissued, after public notice and opportunity for hearing, to incorporate revised effluent limitations, with appropriate schedule(s) of compliance, if necessary, after final promulgation and effectiveness of revised Indiana Water Quality Standards.

# PART II STANDARD CONDITIONS FOR NPDES PERMITS FOR INDUSTRIAL FACILITIES

## SECTION A. GENERAL CONDITIONS

# 1. Duty to Comply

The permittee shall comply with all conditions of this permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of the Clean Water Act and the Indiana Environmental Management Act and is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification, or for denial of a permit renewal application.

# 2. Penalties for Violations of Permit Conditions

Pursuant to the Indiana Environmental Management Act, any person who violates a permit condition implementing sections 301, 302, 306, 307, 318, or 405 of the Clean Water Act is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed \$25,000 per day of such violation. Any person who willfully or negligently violates permit conditions implementing sections 301, 302, 306, 307, or 308 of the Clean Water Act is subject to a fine of not less than \$2,500 nor more than \$25,000 per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than 1 year or both. If the conviction is for a violation committed after a first conviction of such person under this provision, punishment shall be a fine of not more than fifty thousand dollars (\$50,000) per day of violation, or by imprisonment for not more than two (2) years, or both.

Except as provided in permit conditions on "Bypassing," Section B, Paragraph 2 and "Upsets," Section B, Paragraph 3, nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from civil or criminal penalties for noncompliance.

## 3. Duty to Mitigate

The permittee shall take all reasonable steps to minimize or correct any adverse impact on the environment resulting from noncompliance with the permit.

## 4. Permit Actions

This permit may be modified, revoked and reissued, or terminated for cause, including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. Violation of any terms or conditions of this permit;
- b. Obtaining this permit by misrepresentation or failure to disclose fully all relevant facts; or

c. A change in any condition that requires either a temporary or permanent reduction or elimination of the authorized discharge.

The filing of (i) a request by the permittee for a permit modification, revocation and reissuance, or termination, or (ii) a notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance does not stay any permit condition.

## 5. Duty to Provide Information

The permittee shall furnish to the Commissioner, within a reasonable time, any information which the Commissioner may request to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating this permit or to determine compliance with this permit. The permittee shall also furnish to the Commissioner, upon request, copies of records required to be kept by this permit.

# 6. Duty to Reapply

If the permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this permit after the expiration date of this permit, the permittee must apply for and obtain a new permit. The application should be submitted at least 180 days before the expiration date of this permit. The Commissioner may grant permission to submit an application less than 180 days in advance but no later than the permit expiration date.

#### 7. Transfers

This permit is nontransferable to any person except after notice to the Commissioner pursuant to Regulation 327 IAC 5-2-6(c). The Commissioner may require modification or revocation and reissuance of the permit to change the name of the permittee and incorporate such other requirements as may be necessary under the Clean Water Act.

## 8. Toxic Pollutants

Notwithstanding Paragraph A-4, above, if a toxic effluent standard or prohibition (including any schedule of compliance specified in such effluent standard or prohibition) is established under Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for a toxic pollutant which is present in the discharge and such standard or prohibition is more stringent than any limitation for such pollutant in this permit, this permit shall be modified or revoked and reissued to conform to the toxic effluent standard or prohibition.

The permittee shall comply with effluent standards or prohibitions established under section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act for toxic pollutants injurious to human health within the time provided in the regulations that establish those standards or prohibitions, even if the permit has not yet been modified to incorporate the requirement.

## 9. Containment Facilities

When cyanide or cyanogen compounds are used in any of the processes at this facility, the permittee shall provide approved facilities for the containment of any losses of these compounds in accordance with the requirements of Water Pollution Control Board Regulation 327 IAC 2-2-1.

## 10. Operator Certification

The permittee shall have the waste treatment facilities under the direct supervision of an operator certified by the Commissioner as required by IC 13-1-6.

## 11. Oil and Hazardous Substance Liability

Nothing in this permit shall be construed to relieve the permittee from any responsibilities, liabilities, or penalties to which the permittee is or may be subject under Section 311 of the Clean Water Act.

## 12. Property Rights

The issuance of this permit does not convey any property rights of any sort or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to private property or an invasion of personal rights, nor any infringement of Federal, State, or local laws or regulations.

## 13. Severability

The provisions of this permit are severable and, if any provision of this permit or the application of any provision of this permit to any circumstance is held invalid, the application of such provision to other circumstances and the remainder of this permit shall not be affected thereby.

# 14. Inspection and Entry

The permittee shall allow the Commissioner, or an authorized representative, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, to:

- a. Enter upon the permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this permit;
- c. Inspect at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this permit; and

d. Sample or monitor at reasonable times, for the purposes of assuring permit compliance or as otherwise authorized by the Clean Water Act, any substances or parameters at any location.

# 15. Construction Permit

The permittee shall not construct, install, or modify any water pollution control facility without a valid construction permit issued by the Indiana Department of Environmental Management pursuant to 327 IAC 3-2.

## SECTION B. MANAGEMENT REQUIREMENTS

# 1. Proper Operation and Maintenance

The permittee shall at all times maintain in good working order and efficiently operate all facilities and systems for wastewater collection and treatment which are installed or used by the permittee and which are necessary for achieving compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit.

## 2. Bypass of Treatment Facilities

#### a. Definitions:

- (1) "Bypass" means the intentional diversion of a waste stream from any portion of a treatment facility normally utilized for treatment of the waste stream.
- (2) "Severe property damage" means substantial physical damage to property, damage to the treatment facilities which would cause them to become inoperable, or substantial and permanent loss of natural resources which can reasonably be expected to occur in the absence of a bypass. Severe property damage does not mean economic loss caused by delays in production at the permittee's facility.
- b. (Prohibition of Bypass) Bypass which causes or is likely to cause applicable effluent limitations to be exceeded is prohibited unless the following three conditions are met:
  - (1) Bypass is unavoidable to prevent loss of life, personal injury or severe property damage;
  - (2) There are no feasible alternatives to bypass, such as the use of auxiliary treatment facilities, retention of untreated wastes, or maintenance during normal period of equipment down-time; and
  - (3) The permittee submits notice of an unanticipated bypass to the Commissioner within 24 hours of becoming aware of the bypass (if this information is provided orally, a written submission must be provided within five days). Where the permittee knows

or should have known in advance of the need for a bypass, this prior notification shall be submitted for approval to the Commissioner, if possible, at least ten days before the date of the bypass.

c. An anticipated bypass which meets the three criteria of Paragraph b of this subsection may be allowed under conditions determined to be necessary by the Commissioner to minimize any adverse effects.

## 3. Upset Conditions

- a. Definition: "Upset" means an exceptional incident in which there is unintentional and temporary noncompliance with technology-based permit effluent limitations because of factors beyond the reasonable control of the permittee. An upset does not include noncompliance to the extent caused by operational error, improperly designed treatment facilities, inadequate treatment facilities, lack of preventive maintenance, or careless or improper operation.
- b. (Effect of an upset) An upset shall constitute an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based permit effluent limitations if the requirements of Paragraph c of this subsection are met.
- c. (Conditions necessary for a demonstration of upset) A permittee who wishes to establish the affirmative defense of upset shall demonstrate, through properly signed, contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence, that:
  - (1) An upset occurred and the permittee has identified the specific cause(s) of the upset, if possible;
  - (2) The permitted facility was at the time being operated in compliance with proper operation and maintenance procedures; and
  - (3) The permittee complied with any remedial measures required under Paragraph A.3 of this Part.

#### 4. Removed Substances

Solids, sludges, filter backwash, or other pollutants removed from or resulting from treatment or control of wastewaters shall be disposed of in a manner such as to prevent any pollutant from such materials from entering waters of the State and to be in compliance with all Indiana statutes and regulations relative to liquid and/or solid waste disposal.

#### SECTION C. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

## 1. Planned Changes in Facility or Discharge

Any anticipated facility expansions, production increases, or process modifications which will result in new, different, or increased discharges of pollutants must be reported by submission of a new NPDES application or, if such changes will not violate the effluent limitations specified in this permit, by advance notice to the permit issuing authority of such changes. Following such notice, the permit may be modified to revise existing pollutant limitations and/or to specify and limit any pollutants not previously limited.

## 2. Monitoring Reports

Monitoring results shall be reported at the intervals and in the form specified in Part I.B.2.

## 3. Compliance Schedules

Reports of compliance or noncompliance with interim and final requirements contained in any compliance schedule of this permit shall be submitted no later than 14 days following each schedule date. Any reports of noncompliance shall include the cause of noncompliance, any remedial actions taken, and the probability of meeting the next scheduled requirement.

# 4. Twenty-Four Hour Reporting

The permittee shall report information on the following types of noncompliance within 24 hours from the time permittee becomes aware of such noncompliance:

- a. Any unanticipated bypass which exceeds any effluent limitation in the permit;
- b. Violation of a maximum daily discharge limitation for any of the pollutants listed by the Commissioner in the permit to be reported within 24 hours; and
- c. Any noncompliance which may pose a significant danger to human health or the environment.

A written submission shall also be provided within 5 days of the time the permittee becomes aware of the circumstances. The written submission shall contain a description of the noncompliance and its cause; the period of noncompliance, including exact dates and times, and if the noncompliance has not been corrected the anticipated time it is expected to continue; and steps taken or planned to reduce and eliminate the noncompliance and prevent its recurrence. The Commissioner may waive the written report on a case-by-case basis if the oral report has been received within 24 hours.

# 5. Other Noncompliance

The permittee shall report any instance of noncompliance not reported under Paragraph 3 or 4 of this Section at the time the pertinent Discharge Monitoring Report is submitted. The report shall contain the information specified in Paragraph 4 of this Section.

## 6. Other Information

Where the permittee becomes aware that he failed to submit any relevant facts or submitted incorrect information in a permit application or in any report to the Commissioner, the permittee shall promptly submit such facts or corrected information.

## 7. Changes in Discharge of Toxic Substances

The permittee shall notify the Commissioner as soon as it knows or has reason to believe:

- a. That any activity has occurred or will occur which would result in the discharge of any pollutant identified as toxic, pursuant to Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act which is not limited in the permit, if that discharge will exceed the highest of the following "notification levels:"
  - (1) One hundred micrograms per liter (100 ug/1);
  - (2) Two hundred micrograms per liter (200 ug/1) for acrolein and acrylonitrile; five hundred micrograms per liter (500 ug/1) for 2,4-dinitrophenol and for 2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol; and one milligram per liter (1 mg/1) for antimony;
  - (3) Five (5) times the maximum concentration value reported for that pollutant in the permit application; or
  - (4) The level established in Part III of the permit by the Commissioner.
- b. That it has begun or expects to begin to use or manufacture as an intermediate or final product or byproduct any toxic pollutant which was not reported in the permit application.

# 8. Signatory Requirements

- a. All reports required by the permit and other information requested by the Commissioner shall be signed and certified by a person described below or by a duly authorized representative of that person:
  - (1) For a corporation: by a principal executive officer of at least the level of vice-president (including a person who is

not a vice-president but performs similar policy-making functions for the corporation);

- (2) For a partnership or sole proprietorship: by a general partner or the proprietor, respectively; or
- (3) For a Federal, State, or local governmental body or an agency or political subdivision thereof: by either a principal executive officer or ranking elected official.
- b. A person is a duly authorized representative only if:
  - The authorization is made in writing by a person described above.
  - (2) The authorization specifies either an individual or a position having responsibility for the overall operation of the regulated facility or activity, such as the position of plant manager, operator of a well or a well field, superintendent, or position of equivalent responsibility. (A duly authorized representative may thus be either a named individual or any individual occupying a named position.); and
  - (3) The authorization is submitted to the Commissioner.
- c. Certification. Any person signing a document under this section shall make the following certification:

"I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined and am familiar with the information submitted in this document and all attachments and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe that the information is true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment."

# 9. Availability of Reports

Except for data determined to be confidential under Water Pollution Control Board Regulation 327 IAC 12, all reports prepared in accordance with the terms of this permit shall be available for public inspection at the offices of the Indiana Department of Environmental Management and the Regional Administrator. As required by the Clean Water Act, permit applications, permits, and effluent data shall not be considered confidential.

## 10. Penalties for Falsification of Reports

The Indiana Environmental Management Act provides that any person who knowingly makes any false statement, representation, or certification in any

record or other document submitted or required to be maintained under this permit, including monitoring reports or reports of compliance or noncompliance, shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000 per violation, or by imprisonment for not more than 6 months per violation, or by both.

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